

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Logan—Katie and J. C. Woodward to John G. Fox; Lot 987. \$850.

Good Hope—Benjamin E. Beougher et al, heirs of Henry Beougher, deceased, to Elmer E. Miller; Lot 5 and the e. half of the n. w. 1/4 of Section 26, containing in all 133 acres. \$1800.

Marion—Solomon Blosser and wife to Isaac Blosser; 84 acres in the e. half of Section 10, and 36 acres in the e. half of Section 3. \$7.00.

Logan—S. Weldy to A. R. McBroom; Lots 1088, 1089, and 1090, Weldy's Addition. \$400.

Marion—Samuel Ashbaugh and wife to Edward L. Saffel; Fractional Lot 1 in the s. e. 1/4 of Section 12, containing 55 acres. \$325.

Starr—Margaret Jones to Amos L. Jones; 80 acres in the n. w. 1/4 of Section 4. \$2100.

Benton—Minerva Campbell to Anna Schurtz; 140 acres in Section 36. \$1200.

## Fertilizing Wheat on a Run Down Farm.

For thirteen years the Ohio Experiment Station has been conducting experiments with fertilizers on a farm which had been reduced to a very low state of productivity by exhaustive cropping. In these experiments corn, oats, wheat, clover and timothy have been grown in a 5-year rotation, each crop being grown every year, and the fertilizers have been applied to the corn, oats and wheat.

When acid phosphate has been used alone, 80 pounds per acre on corn and oats and 160 pounds on wheat, the increase yield on the five crops of the rotation has reached an average value of more than \$18.50 per acre, leaving a net profit of sixteen dollars per acre over and above the cost of the fertilizer.

When to this quantity of acid phosphate were added 480 pounds of nitrate of soda and 280 pounds of muriate of potash, these being distributed over the three cereal crops and raising the total cost of the fertilizer to twenty-one dollars for each five-year period, the total increase has risen to a value of forty-three dollars, leaving a net gain of twenty-two dollars, or more than four dollars annually.

One-third of this land has been left continuously unfertilized, an unfertilized plot adjoining every one that has received fertilizers. For the last eight years of the test the yield of wheat on this unfertilized land has been nine and one-half bushels per acre; a yield which has been increased by acid phosphate alone to an eight-year average of twenty bushels per acre, and by the complete fertilizer to twenty-nine bushels.

It has thus been possible to raise the yield of this worn land from less than ten bushels of wheat per acre to an average of twenty-nine bushels, and to accomplish this result by a method which has not only paid its way, but has paid in addition an annual rental for the land of more than four dollars per acre.

It will be seen that while the first cost of the acid phosphate used alone has been much smaller than that of the fertilizer carrying nitrogen and potassium also, yet the net gain is much greater from the complete fertilizer than from the acid phosphate alone.

Other experiments on the same farm have shown that farm manure, taken directly from the stable to the field after being reinforced with some carrier of phosphorus, such as acid phosphate or the powdered rock from which acid phosphate is made, may completely replace the nitrate of soda and muriate of potash used in the test above described, thus reducing the necessary expenditure for the fertilizer to that for phosphorus alone.

In these experiments the manure has been applied to the corn crop in a three-year rotation of corn, wheat and clover, at the rate of eight tons per acre, and has increased the yield to a nine-year average of sixty-two bushels of shelled corn per acre, followed by twenty-five bushels of wheat without any further manuring, the to-

tal increase on the three crops of the rotation reaching an average net value, after paying for the phosphate, of thirty-five dollars per acre, or nine dollars per acre annually after paying one dollar per ton for handling the manure.

## Fisher Praises 2-cent Law

W. H. Fisher, general passenger agent of the Hocking Valley, admitted, in the course of an interview yesterday, that the 2-cent fare law had made money for his railroad.

"The travel is at least one third greater than it was under the 3-cent fare," said he. "The result is that the great falling off in receipts that we experienced on account of electric competition under the 3-cent fare has been changed into an increase by the stimulus given travel on the steam roads by the 2-cent fare law."

Mr. Fisher said he had received notice of a meeting of general passenger agents to be held in Chicago Wednesday for the purpose of making a general readjustment of interstate fares. The meeting is the result of the recent action of Passenger Traffic Manager Ford of the Pennsylvania lines, who notified the roads interested that the Pennsylvania would make the change in spite of the defeat given the proposition at the last meeting of the Central Passenger association.

## To Attend Memorial Service.

Columbus, O., Aug. 22, 1906. Hon. J. B. Dollison, Mayor, Logan, Ohio.

Dear Sir:—The 14th day of September, 1906—the 5th Anniversary of the death of President McKinley—has been set apart by the Committee, having the matter in charge, for the unveiling of the "McKinley Memorial"—a work of art, erected by the State of Ohio and the Citizens of her Capital City, conjointly, and located at the west-main entrance to State-House grounds.

A formal invitation will later be mailed to you, the Common Council, and other officials of your City, soliciting your attendance, if possible, as a body, and participation in the ceremonies associating themselves with what must be esteemed, certainly by all Ohioans an extraordinary occasion.

We write this in advance, wholly with the purpose of urging upon you the great propriety of your acceptance; and to further assure you, should it be your pleasure to be with us, that every courtesy at the Committee's, and our City's disposal will be yours to command.

A notice of your proposed coming, received prior to the 10th proximo, will secure a reservation of seats on "Speakers Stand" in such number as may be designated.

Hoping your favorable response, I am

Very respectfully,  
JOHN Y. BASSELL,  
Secretary.

## Stopped the Flow.

(Ohio Sun.)

For almost four entire days Bryan Leonard, aged 45 years, who lives near New Straitsville, suffered a continuous loss of blood from his nose. The bleeding began Thursday night, when he was attacked by a highwayman near his home, and received a blow on the nose. From that time on up until late yesterday afternoon his nose continued to bleed.

He was brought to St. Francis hospital yesterday morning, and a few hours after his arrival here the stoppage of the flow was effected. He is in a critical condition.

## Candidate's Card.

That preliminary of the congressional campaign, circulation of cards bearing a more or less faithful likeness of the candidate is now on. Colonel W. A. Taylor, Democratic candidate for congress in the Twelfth district, is supplying the electorate with a card that contains upon one side his name and the explanatory sentence regarding the office he hopes to fill. The advice given, however, is one of the puns that may be expected in the Twelfth district this year where every conceivable play will probably be made upon the fact that each party has chosen a candidate bearing the name of Taylor to head the county ticket.

Here is Colonel Taylor's card slogan: "Change Taylors; get a

better fit." The advice is being offered by Democratic lieutenants in all parts of Columbus and Franklin county.

On the opposite side of Colonel Taylor's card these apophorisms are suggested for the consideration of the voters of the Twelfth district: "You cannot kill the trusts by feeding them high tariff cream."

"Statesmanship consists of something besides holding an office."

"It is not the official salary, but the off-performance that works for your good."

"No man is too poor to stand for office. The danger is in the other direction."

"It is every man's right to work. It is every man's duty, also."

"The divine Master said: The laborer is worthy of his hire. That commandment is still binding."

"We should be more solicitous about the rights of the weak than the privileges of the strong."

"A Republic would be ungrateful if it permitted party bosses to discriminate against the veterans who fought its battles, in pursuit of civil honors and honestly earned bread."—Ohio Sun.

## Scholl Reunion.

The second annual reunion of the Scholl family was held on the Fairfield Co. Fair Grounds on Aug. 25th, one hundred members of the family being present; the forenoon was spent in social conversation, at the noon hour the ladies prepared an elaborate picnic dinner to which all did ample justice.

After temporary organizations in which G. M. Ruff, of Cincinnati was chosen temporary chairman those present were entertained by remarks by Ely Scholl of Union City Ind., Lewis F. Scholl of Columbus, O., and others after which a permanent organization was effected in which W. T. Shrieve was chosen president, S. S. Weidner Sec.-Treas., L. F. Scholl, E. Scholl, Wm. Scholl, Henry Scholl & Geo. Scholl Executive Committee.

The next reunion will be held on the Fair Grounds Aug. 21-27.

After prayer and song parting words were spoken all expressing a desire to live to enjoy many such social gatherings.

## Legal Notice.

Richard Donley, whose place of residence is unknown, and when last heard from resided at Sandertown, Rhode Island, will take notice that on the 7th day of August, 1906, Mary Donley filed her petition in the Common Pleas Court of Hocking County, O., being cause No. 3281 praying for a divorce from said Richard Donley on the ground of failure to provide, said cause will be for hearing on the 14th day of August A. D. 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as may be convenient.

JOHN C. PETTIT, Atty for Plaintiff, August 9, 9-10.

## Probate Notice

Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts and Vouchers have been filed in the Probate Court of Hocking County, Ohio for Second and final settlement J. F. Canty, Administrator of the Estate of Joseph J. Sullister, deceased, and the same will come on for hearing on the 14th day of August A. D. 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as may be convenient.

F. P. MARTIN, Probate Judge, August 23-3-4.

## Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Harry Palmer, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Harry Palmer, late of Hocking County, deceased. Dated this 22nd day of August, A. D. 1906.

WILLIAM PALMER, Administrator, August 23, 3-4.

## Beauty Depends on Toilet Preparations

to a very great extent. The fairest skin will roughen, the whitest teeth turn yellow, and the most luxuriant hair fall out, if neglected.

You cannot overlook your toilet if you would become beautiful or retain your beauty. More-over you must use only the purest and best toilet helps—poor toilet preparations are worse than none.

We can supply you with pure, fresh and wholesome toilet goods of every description. We are convinced of the superiority of REXALL Toilet Preparations for we know their ingredients. REXALL TOILET CREAM will keep the skin clean, soft and fair, giving a beautiful complexion. REXALL TOOTH POWDER insures pearly teeth, kills all germs and sweetens the breath. REXALL HAIR TONIC preserves the hair fall, long and silky, free from dandruff. Sold with the Rexall guarantee.

**F. S. CASE,**  
The Rexall Druggist,  
LOGAN, O.

## SENATOR DICK ISSUES A DEF

Pays a Tribute to His Colleague in the Upper House.

## CAN NOT THINK OF RETREAT

Speaking of the Suggestions Made by H. M. Daugherty in His Cleveland Address, He Declares Senators Owe it to Their Friends to Fight the Matter to a Finish.

Akron, O., Aug. 29.—Senator Charles Dick, following the example of Senator Foraker, has made public his views on the issues raised by the address of H. M. Daugherty, former chairman of the Republican state committee, at Cleveland last Saturday, in which he urged the retirement of Senator Dick as chairman of the state executive committee and a less cordial endorsement of Senators Foraker and Dick than of President Roosevelt by the state convention. Senator Dick in his statement says:

"Personally no one can regret more than I any antagonism or opposition toward the Ohio senators and their friends. Politically I am satisfied to know that whatever opposition there may be has been leveled at a responsible head, and that every congressman, every state officer, every candidate, has publicly repudiated this opposition. It has looked long and diligently for a nurse and has sought far and wide to establish its paternity; but until last Saturday, when it was publicly adopted, it had gone about like an orphan seeking both sustenance and a patron."

"This is not the first experience of the kind. Ohio Republicans had to decide a like controversy some years ago. At that time Senator Hanna was denounced by some as a 'red-necked boss.' President Roosevelt was called a 'jelly fish,' and Judge Nash a 'man without backbone.' All these men, however, survived the taunts and insults of their enemies and were sustained throughout by the loyal Ohio Republicans."

"If the Ohio senators were disposed for any reason to retire from the conflict they could not do so now. They owe it to their friends over the entire state as well as to themselves to fight this matter to a finish. In this contest their friends will be found on one side, their enemies on the other. In the controversy, however, the national administration is not involved, since no one opposes a strong and emphatic endorsement of the president. The whole situation has shifted to opposition of Ohio senators and the present party organization. The coming state convention, all delegates participating, must decide these matters."

"The Ohio senators differed from each other on several important measures before the senate, including the statehood bill, the Philippine tariff bill, the type of inter-oceanic canal, and the railroad rate bill; on many other measures they were agreed. The fact that we entertained different convictions never for one moment lessened my respect for my colleagues, never lowered my high regard for him as a man, and never invited a doubt of his loyalty to his party or his devotion to his country. I know of no reason, therefore, why he should receive a strong commendation from those whom he so ably served."

## Russia's Position.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 29.—In view of suggestions in the foreign press regarding the coming policy of the government, founded on rumors current here, it is respectfully stated that it would be a great mistake to suppose that revolutionary terrorism will be met by terrorism of the government, which always will be able to distinguish between legal opposition and enemies determined to nullify the law, whether by propaganda or by passive resistance. A propaganda has its own means of struggling, whether through the press or by meeting, but disturbances of order will be prosecuted whatever the means are professed. The government has sufficient means, the statement continues, of suppressing illegal acts; but suppressing is not the only aim, the first problem being the preparation of bills to be presented in parliament for the settlement of pressing questions in a legal manner. The statement concludes as follows: "Revolutionaries may try to destroy the work of the government, but finally they must fail as the government cannot refrain from the fulfillment of reforms simply because one statesman or another may be replaced."

## Indianians Go to See Bryan.

Indianapolis, Aug. 29.—A party of 25 Indiana Democrats left New York in a special car to attend the reception of William Jennings Bryan. The interest being manifested in the demonstration to be given William J. Bryan at Louisville, Sept. 12, caused many Indiana Democrats to cancel arrangements made to go to New York, intending to go to Louisville instead.

## Conference Closed.

Rio de Janeiro, Aug. 29.—The International Pan-American conference closed Monday night. The ceremonies were brief but impressive. General Rio Branco, the foreign minister of Brazil, made a farewell address expressing the government's appreciation of having the conference here, and declaring that the results would be great toward world peace. A brilliant ball at the foreign office followed the session.

## Quarreller Raider.

Oak Grove, Mo., Aug. 28.—Captain J. Frank Gregg, who for the first half of the civil war was in General Schofield's command, but later was with Quantrill, the raider, and is said to have been in the famous raid at Lawrence, Kan., died at his home at Oak Grove, near here.

## OHIO OLIO.

What's Doing in the Buckeye State. Revenue Under Cole Law.

Columbus, O., Aug. 29.—The gross earnings of the public service companies taxed under the Cole law will reach this year the enormous sum of \$200,000,000. The reports of the companies are due by September 1, and many are already in. Included in the list of quasi-public corporations taxed under this law are steam and electric railroads, express, telegraph and telephone, signal and messenger, pipe line, gas and electric light and power companies, and freight line companies. They are taxed one per cent on their gross earnings, so that the law will produce this year \$2,000,000 of revenue. Last year their earnings reached \$180,000,000, so that the total revenue produced was only \$1,800,000.

## Cincinnati Festival.

Cincinnati, Aug. 29.—The Cincinnati Fall Festival association offered as its chief attraction a spectacular production of the London musical success, The Blue Moon, with James T. Powers in the title role and 200 persons in the production. It was the first performance of the play in America. Besides an enormous chorus and orchestra, elephants and horses were used on the stage. The audience numbered 3,900 people, the capacity of Music hall. Mr. and Mrs. Longworth were guests of honor in one of the boxes.

## Central Life Again Sued.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 29.—Another suit against the Union Central Life Insurance company for back taxes claimed by the county was filed by County Legal Counsel Ireton, Collins, Schoenle and Poor, and Attorney Alfred B. Benedict. The suit is the third of its kind, and demands judgment for \$94,477.68, being \$917,121.60 claimed due for taxes on the 1905 tax duplicate, with the 5 per cent treasurer's penalty added.

## Fatal Dynamite Explosion.

Canton, O., Aug. 29.—John Flinn was killed and four workmen seriously injured while engaged on the Warbeck railroad at Brewster, 14 miles southwest of here. All were laborers using a steam shovel. A charge of dynamite placed to tear up the ground failed to go off as expected. The workmen, with a steam shovel, got too near it and it exploded.

## Struck Big Gasser.

Newark, O., Aug. 29.—On the E. O. Squire farm, midway between Homer and Hartford, the Central Ohio Natural Gas company drilled in at a depth of about 2,100 feet, a 5,000-foot gas well, which is one of the best in this section. The well is three-quarters of a mile from any other well and is therefore in what is regarded as new territory.

## Increase in Railroad Valuation.

Columbus, O., Aug. 29.—Through very few miles of new steam railroad were built in Ohio last year, the reappraisal of railroad property for taxation this year shows a large increase. The total valuation is \$148,000,229. Last year it was only \$135,669,294.

## Veteran Shoots Himself.

Sandusky, O., Aug. 29.—Milton S. Pollock, an inmate of the state soldiers' home, and a sufferer from cancer of the stomach, committed suicide by shooting himself.

## Boy Drowned.

Akron, O., Aug. 29.—Carl H. Taggart, aged 15, of Gallon, was drowned in the canal. He was wading and was seized with cramps in shallow water.

## Engineer Killed.

Youngstown, O., Aug. 29.—Peter Higgins, aged 30, an engineer on the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie, was killed by a traction car here.

## Soccer Football Game.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 29.—The Corinthians of England defeated the Cincinnati team at soccer football by a score of 19 to 0.

## MARKSMANSHIP

## Of a Texas Woman a Feature of the Shooting at Seagirt.

Shooting at Seagirt, Aug. 29.—Excellent shooting conditions attended the second day of the great military shooting tournament. An interesting feature of the day was the excellent marksmanship of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson of San Antonio, Tex., who qualified for enrollment as a member of the National Marksmanship Reserve by scoring 59 out of a possible 75 in all, seven shots each, at 300, 500 and 1,000 yards, was won by Captain Stewart Wise, First corps of cadets, Boston, with the fine score of 109 out of a possible 105. Second prize, \$25, was won by Corporal Eastman, Ohio, with a total of 94.

## Child Cremated.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 29.—Mary Calcehol, 4, was burned to death while playing around the cook stove. Her mother was terribly burned while trying to extinguish the flames which enveloped the child and burned off her clothes.

## Two Girls Drown.

Loveland, O., Aug. 29.—Miss Mullen, 16, and Miss Hill, 16, whose home is at Mulberry, were drowned in a swollen stream near the Good Luck farm, on the Goshen road.

## Receivers Appointed.

Monroe, Mich., Aug. 28.—Judge Lockwood in circuit court appointed Willis Baldwin of Monroe and R. H. Burgoon of Fremont, O., receivers of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Detroit electric railway, which is partly constructed between Toledo and Ann Arbor. The receiver was appointed in response to a petition filed by Gorman Brothers of Toledo, O., who constructed a power house for the road at Petersburg, Mich. It is alleged that the financial difficulties which led up to the receivership involve the disappearance of about \$300,000 worth of bonds issued some time ago. The Toledo firm in the bill of complaint says that about \$300,000 was put into the road, and that no work has been done since last fall owing to the disappearance of a large number of bonds, and asks a receiver to protect all parties interested in the road.

## CAN NOT MEET OBLIGATIONS

Philadelphia Real Estate Trust Company Closes Its Doors.

## A RECEIVER IS APPOINTED

Large Amount of the Funds of the Institution Loaned on Insufficient Security Said to Have Been Cause of the Crash—Failure Caused Consternation.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—The Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia, which was considered one of the strongest financial institutions in the city, closed its doors, being unable to meet its obligations because of the large amount of money loaned on insufficient security by its president, now dead. A receiver has been appointed for the institution.

The liabilities are placed at \$10,000,000, against which there are quick assets of about \$5,500,000 and collateral of about \$5,000,000 which is not negotiable or readily convertible. This doubtful collateral is held mostly as security for loans of about \$5,500,000 made to Adolf Segal, a promoter of this city.

The man responsible for the failure was Frank K. Hipple, one of Philadelphia's best known citizens, who died last Friday morning in his country home at Bryn Mawr, near here, under circumstances which in the light of recent developments lead to the suspicion that he may have committed suicide.

Mr. Hipple, in addition to being president of the Real Estate Trust company, was the treasurer of the board of trustees of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States, and of several other church funds, and was a director of the Franklin National bank. Recently Mr. Hipple's accounts with the Presbyterian church were examined and were found to be correct, but it cannot be stated positively whether or not all the securities of the general assembly are intact.

Dr. W. H. Roberts, stated clerk of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, was surprised at the news of the failure. In addition to the deposits of the general assembly, the Real Estate Trust company had about \$25,000 of funds placed there by Dr. Roberts as stated clerk. The Presbyterian hospital of Philadelphia and the Presbyterian board of relief, he said, also had sums of money in the failed bank. Dr. Roberts was asked if he could say whether the securities of the general assembly, amounting to \$963,396, in Hipple's custody were intact. He replied, "I have no reason to believe otherwise, but cannot say positively."

Soon after the closing the story was on the street and caused consternation. Hundreds gathered about the building clamoring for information and police were needed to clear the street. There was no disorder.

Prodded by the clearing of the association to subscribe the \$7,000,000 guarantee fund requested by the Real Estate Trust company was due to insufficient security. The trust company, he said, offered \$2,500,000 in gift securities, a two-thirds interest in the trust company's building valued at \$2,000,000 and \$5,000,000 securities from Adolf Segal, valued by the directors of the trust company at \$2,000,000. The clearing house association did not regard the Segal securities worth more than \$1,000,000 and declined to subscribe more than \$4,000,000 unless the remaining securities were more substantial.

## Encountered Strong Ocean Current.

Honolulu, Aug. 29.—The Hawaiian Mail, a schooner, encountered a strong ocean current, which caused it to drift west of here on the Pacific coast. The vessel, which was en route to New Zealand, says that during the last two days he experienced an extraordinary northwest current. It was the strongest he had ever encountered, throwing his vessel 20 miles out of her course in one day. He attributes the stranding of the Manchuria to the same current. The condition of the Manchuria remains unchanged.

## Pro and Con.

London, Aug. 29.—Dr. Napier, professor of English and Anglo-Saxon in the university of Oxford, gives his unqualified approval to President Roosevelt's action with regard to spelling reform. Thomas Hardy, the novelist, opposes the suggested changes and writes: "I am struck with the advantage of having reform of English spelling taken in hand by an eminent American of Dutch extraction."

## Struck by a Train.

Rochester, Ind., Aug. 29.—While riding on a handcar from Letters to Germany, small station west of here on the Erie railroad, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Ralston were struck by passenger train. Mrs. Ralston was instantly killed. Her husband however, escaped with only slight injuries. Ralston is the telegraph operator at Germany and was going to his work.

## \$55,103.83 Paid.

San Francisco, Aug. 29.—Thirty-five insurance companies out of the 120 involved in the San Francisco disaster have paid, in the aggregate, \$55,103.83, according to their official record to date.

## Failed to Materialize.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 29.—The Populist state convention called to meet here to nominate a state ticket failed to materialize, only nine delegates making their appearance. Chairman Holloway of the executive committee said: "As has been well understood for some time, we have no intention of placing a ticket in the field. Fully ninety per cent of the Populists voted for Hoke Smith. They felt that he stood for many things we have advocated for years."

## PROGRAM

Of the Reception to Colonel Bryan at New York.

New York, Aug. 29.—The program of the reception to be accorded to Wm. J. Bryan Thursday was given out by the reception committee. The official reception will begin with the arrival of Colonel Bryan at 4 p. m. Thursday. He will be met at the pier by a subcommittee headed by the chairman of the reception committee, Gov. Folk of Missouri. He will be welcomed by Acting Mayor McGowan in behalf of the city of New York. Six carriages will accompany the carriage carrying Colonel Bryan, which will be protected by an escort of mounted police. Arriving at the hotel, a special committee consisting of five members of the reception committee from each state will receive Colonel Bryan. Then will follow the general reception, after which Colonel Bryan will spend the time in informal discussions until 7 o'clock, when he will retire to his private apartments to make ready to go to the Garden at 7:45 o'clock. It has been arranged, in order to accommodate those unable to gain admission to the Garden, to hold an overflow meeting in Madison Square park. If stormy Colonel Bryan will address the meeting before entering the Garden, and if the weather be pleasant he will address it after the Garden speech. Among the other speakers will be D. N. Fletcher of Florida, Governor Glenn of North Carolina, ex-Governor W. S. Jennings of Florida.

## South Carolina Primaries.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 29.—Scattering returns from Democratic primaries indicate that M. F. Ansel will lead the ticket for governor, with Richard Manning and C. L. Bloss closed together for second place. For attorney general J. Frazer Lynn has a large lead over his opponents. R. M. McCown for secretary of state and J. C. Boyd for adjutant general will probably be elected on the first ballot. Other state officers have no opposition. The election of Ansel and Lynn means defeat for the state dispensary and Senator Tillman.

## President Reforms His Spelling.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 29.—Secretary William H. Taft received the first letter from President Roosevelt written in accordance with the rules of the reformed spelling board. The letter pertained to the business of the government, which fact rendered its publication impossible. Beginning last night, all of the executive correspondence will be spelled in accordance with the recommendations of the reformed spelling board.

## Krieger Band Officials.

Dubuque, Ia., Aug. 29.—The business sessions of the Deutscher Krieger Band of North America are closed. These officers were elected: President, Martin Glass, Chicago; vice president, L. Rehman, New York; recording secretary, M. Langhaan, Cleveland; financial secretary, J. Zimmerman, Toledo; treasurer, F. Karling, St. Paul; trustee, C. Tubel, Kansas City.

## To Protect German Interests.

Berlin, Aug. 29.—The North German Gazette announced that Baron von Nowikoff, the counsel general of Germany at New Orleans, had been directed to proceed to Havana to protect German interests in Cuba during the absence of the minister resident, who is on leave of absence.

## Fire in Oil Field.

Beaumont, Texas, Aug. 29.—Boller exploded in Keithward tract at Spindletop at 9:30 last evening, setting fire to oil storage tanks and derricks. Fifteen already burned, fire spreading. Best wells in field in this district.

## GRAIN AND LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO.—Cattle: Common to prime steers, \$3 75 to \$6 00; cows, \$2 75 to \$4 50; heifers, \$2 00 to \$5 00; bulls, \$2 25 to \$4 50; stockers and feeders, \$2 00 to \$4 25; Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$4 25 to \$5 00; lambs, \$4 00 to \$5 50; yearlings, \$3 00 to \$5 00; calves, \$2 50 to \$4 50; Hogs—Choice to prime heavy, \$1 25 to \$1 45; medium to good heavy, \$1 00 to \$1 20; butchers weights, \$1 00 to \$1 20; packing, \$1 00 to \$1 20; Hogs—Heavy, \$1 00 to \$1 20; medium, \$1 00 to \$1 20; butchers weights, \$1 00 to \$1 20; packing, \$1 00 to \$1 20.

## EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle: Good to choice about, \$2 25 to \$5 00; shipping steers, \$1 75 to \$2 50; butchers cattle, \$1 75 to \$2 50; heifers, \$2 00 to \$5 00; fat cows, \$2 25 to \$4 50; bulls, \$2 25 to \$4 50; stockers and feeders, \$2 00 to \$4 25; Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice yearlings, \$3 00 to \$5 00; mixed sheep, \$2 50 to \$4 50; ewes, \$2 00 to \$4 00; calves, \$2 50 to \$4 50;